Auslegung
a journal of philosophy

Volume 16
Number 1
Winter 1990
AUSLEGUNG: A Journal of Philosophy

AUSLEGUNG is published two times a year at the University of Kansas. The Journal is intended as a forum for the expression of any and all philosophical perspectives. The editors are primarily interested in publishing the work of new Ph.D's and advanced students pursuing the Ph.D. degree, but all technically competent papers of philosophical interest will be considered. The annual subscription rate is $8.00 to individuals, $6.00 to students and $10.00 to libraries and other institutions. Outside of the U.S. and Canada, the rate is $10.00 U.S. Prices for individual copies or back issues are available on request.

Persons wishing to submit papers should note the following: papers normally should not exceed 30 typed, double-spaced pages, although longer papers may be considered in some cases. Contributors should submit three clear, error-free, manuscripts in the style suggested by The MLA Style Sheet, second edition. AUSLEGUNG subscribes to a blind review policy; the author's name and academic institution should appear only on a detachable cover sheet. Whenever possible, AUSLEGUNG furnishes copies of the referees' comments to contributors.

Book reviews and review articles may be written on books listed in the "Books Available" column. Books not listed in the column may be reviewed if the Book Review Editor is notified and gives approval in advance. Any individual who wishes to review a book should inform the Book Review Editor of the book(s) he or she wishes to review. Books will be sent on a first-come first-served basis. Papers should be send to the Editor and book reviews to the Book Review Editor in care of AUSLEGUNG, Department of Philosophy, University of Kansas, Lawrence, Kansas 66045. In order for manuscripts to be returned to the author they should be submitted along with return postage.

AUSLEGUNG gratefully acknowledges the support it has received from the Student Activity Fee through the Student Senate and the Graduate Student Council of the University of Kansas.

All rights reserved 1990
AUSLEGUNG: A Journal of Philosophy
AUSLEGUNG: A Journal of Philosophy

Editor .............................................. Ted Zenzinger, University of Kansas
Associate Editor .................................. Albert Cinelli, University of Kansas
Book Review Editor ............................. Kae Chatman, University of Kansas
Business Manager ............................... Ted Mehl, University of Kansas
Production Assistant ........................... Chris Sharp, University of Kansas
Assistant Editors
Harold W. Baldwin, University of South Alabama
Karen Bell, California State University—Fresno
Charles Betros, Fordham University
John Carlos Cantú, University of Michigan
Peter P. Cvek, St. Peter's College
Helen Czosnyka, St. Louis University
Martin Donougho, University of South Carolina
David A. Duquette, St. Norbert College
Pieranna Garavaso, University of Minnesota at Morris
Mary Hayden, College of St. Thomas
Jack Horner, Science Applications, Inc.
Jacob Howland, University of Tulsa
David Ingram, Loyola University of Chicago
Jonathan Katz, University of Western Ontario
David Larson, Kent State University
Bill Martin, University of Kansas
Roy Martinez, Spelman College
Patrick Rardin, Appalachian State University
Martha Reineke, University of Northern Iowa
Michelle Rotert, University of Iowa
Frank Schalow, Loyola University-New Orleans
Leslie Thielen-Wilson, University of Western Ontario
George Trey, Loyola University of Chicago
Jim Tuedio, California State University-Stanislaus
Danney Ursery, St. Edwards University
Robert D. Walsh, Marquette University
Andrew Ward, St. Olaf College

Advisory Editors
Richard Cole, University of Kansas
Richard T. De George, University of Kansas
Anthony C. Genova, University of Kansas
Rex Martin, University of Kansas

Cover Design ......................................................... Bill Martin
Word Processor ..................................................... Pam LeRow
Secretarial Assistance ............................................. Janice Criss
CONTENTS

ARTICLES:

Richard M. Gaskin
Platonism and Forms of Life ................................................................. 1

Win-Chiat Lee
Personal Identity, The Temporality of Agency and Moral Responsibility ................................................................. 17

Constance Mui
Sartre's Sexism Reconsidered ............................................................... 31

Marilyn Piety
The Problems with the Fragments:
Kierkegaard on Subjectivity and Truth .................................................. 43

Hiroshi Aoyama
Barwise and Etchemendy's Theory of Truth ......................................... 59

Steve Martinot
The Abyss and the Circle:
A Cyclo-Analysis of Being and Time .................................................... 73

Robert Scott Stewart
Aristotle and Pleasure ............................................................................ 97

BOOK REVIEWS:

Of Mind and Other Matters
reviewed by Thomas Patrick Rardin ........................................................ 109

Manuscript Essays and Notes and Manuscript Lectures
reviewed by Stephen A. Kennett ............................................................. 111

Essays in Hermeneutics and Critical Thinking
reviewed by Martin J. Matustik ............................................................... 116
The Communist Ideal in Hegel and Marx
reviewed by David A. Duquette........................................ 123

Theory and Politics: Studies in the Development of Critical Thinking
reviewed by George A. Trey.............................................129

ANNOUNCEMENTS

BOOKS FOR REVIEW
A NOTE FROM THE EDITORS

We would like to encourage our authors to follow these guidelines for inclusive language.

LANGUAGE ABOUT PERSONS

I. Generic Usage

Although "man" originally carried the meaning of both "human beings" and "adult males," such can no longer be assumed. Even though technically "man" is inclusive, its actual use is often exclusive.

A. Use precise language. When in the past you would have been inclined to use the generic term "man," find creative ways to use such words as "humbankind, humans, persons, everyone, men and women, children of God, etc."

B. Use words that do not include "man" when referring to occupations and positions that can include both males and females. Alternative descriptions can often be found which are not awkward compounds.

II. Pronoun Usage

Pronoun usage which avoids gender specific categories is an effective way to include all members of society or a given community in general references. While English grammars generally maintain that the nonspecific individual be referred to as "he," such a reference is not inclusive. One should attempt to make all pronoun references inclusive.

A. When speaking in general terms or when referring to both women and men, use pronouns so as to make explicit that both men and women are included. This may be accomplished by using such methods as "he and she," "hers and his," or combinations such as "he/she," "s/he," and "his./hers."

B. Other approaches to the pronoun issue include:

1. Use writing that reduces unnecessary or excessive gender specific pronouns: "The average American drives his car to work" can become "The average American drives to work."

2. Rephrase statements into the plural: "Most Americans drive their cars to work."
3. When speaking in generic terms or when including women and men in the same group, some guides suggest alternating female and male pronouns: "A person should take good care of her car. He should check the oil level daily. She should also make sure that the tires are properly inflated."

4. The indefinite use of the second person pronoun you to refer to people in general is a widespread conversational device. You must realize, however, that the use of the second person in writing creates an intimate relationship between the writer and the reader. For this reason, when you use the second person, be sure that the person or persons to whom the argument is directed is clearly identified.

5. Masculine pronouns can be replaced by the impersonal pronoun one and this is still preferred in formal usage. However, one should use this form sparingly.

(Adapted from the Duke University Divinity School Bulletin)

Friendly Regards,

The Editors