

# ARTICLE HIGHLIGHTS

## *Disability Policy*

Turnbull, H. R. & Stowe, M. J. (2001). A taxonomy for organizing the core concepts according to their underlying principles. *Journal of Disability Policy Studies*, 12(3), 177-197.

### BOTTOM LINE

The 18 core concepts can be organized by three sets of principles: Constitutional principles (Life, Liberty, Equality), Ethical principles (Dignity, Family as Foundation, Community), and Administrative principles (Capacity, Individualization, Accountability). The framework created by these principles demonstrates the relationships between the core concepts and allows them to also be connected to field-specific professional principles such as those of health care professionals: Beneficence, Non-Maleficence, Autonomy, and Justice. It also provides a conceptual basis for drawing connections among the core concepts, domains of partnership, and family quality of life outcomes.

## Beach Center on Disability

Making a Sustainable Difference in Quality of Life



## TIPS

- The following summarizes the major connections between the principles and core concepts which form the “ramp” framework in the article—
  - The Constitutional principal of Life is related to the core concepts of:
    - Protection from harm
    - Prevention & amelioration
  - The Constitutional principal of Liberty is related to the core concepts of:
    - Autonomy
    - Empowerment/participatory decision-making
    - Privacy & confidentiality
    - Liberty (physical)
  - The Constitutional principal of Equality is related to the core concepts of:
    - Antidiscrimination
    - Cultural responsiveness
  - The Ethical principal of Family as Foundation is related to the core concepts of:
    - Family integrity
    - Family centeredness
  - The Ethical principal of Community is related to the core concepts of:
    - Integration
- Productivity & contribution
  - The Administrative principal of Capacity is related to the core concepts of:
    - Professional & system capacity
    - Coordination & collaboration
    - Family integrity
    - Classification
  - The Administrative principal of Individualization relates to the core concepts of:
    - Individualized and appropriate services
    - Capacity-based services
    - Classification
    - Cultural responsiveness
    - Coordination & collaboration
    - Family centeredness
    - Integration
  - The Administrative principal of Accountability is related to the core concepts of:
    - Accountability
    - Coordination & collaboration

The taxonomy of principles was developed using data collected to identify the core concepts of disability policy (see related publications) and a review of literature dealing with ethics, law, and implementation of policy.

## KEY FINDINGS

- The taxonomy of principles was developed using data collected to identify the core concepts of disability policy (see related publications) and a review of literature dealing with ethics, law, and implementation of policy.

## RELATED PUBLICATIONS

- Turnbull, H. R., Beegle, G., Stowe, M. J. (2001). The core concepts of disability policy affecting families who have children with disabilities. *Journal of Disability Policy Studies*, 12(3), 133-143.
- Turnbull, H.R., Wilcox, B. L., Stowe, M. J., & Umbarger, G. T. (2001). Matrix of federal statutes and federal and state court decisions reflecting the core concepts of disability policy. *Journal of Disability Policy Studies*, 12(3), 144-176.
- Turnbull, H. R. & Stowe, M. J. (2001). Five models for understanding how professionals, policy leaders, researchers, families, and individuals with disabilities think about the meaning of and about societal and policy responses to disability. *Journal of Disability Policy Studies*, 12(3), 198-205.
- Stowe, M. J. & Turnbull, H. R. (2001). Tools for analyzing policy on the books and policy on the streets. *Journal of Disability Policy Studies*, 12(3), 206-214.
- Umbarger, G. T., Stowe, M. J., & Turnbull, H. R. (2001). The core concepts of health policy affecting families who have children with disabilities. *Journal of Disability Policy Studies*, 12(3), 133-143.

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